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La Martiniere College, Lucknow, established in 1845, was founded in accordance with the Will of Major General Claude Martin. Born in Lyon, France, in 1735, the Founder died in Lucknow on 13 September, 1800. The day of his death, by his own instructions is commemorated as ‘Founder’s Day’. Under his Will, certain funds were allotted for the establishment of schools at Lyon, his birth place in France, in Calcutta and at Lucknow. In his Will Claude Martin also directed that “my house at Luckperra or Constantia House with all the ground and premises belonging to the house and all the ground around it, none is to be sold or detached from it.” The Will went on to define his purpose, which was “for to keep the said Constantia House for school or College for teaching young men the English language and Christian religion if they found themselves inclined.”

For more than a generation after the Founder’s death, there was a great deal of litigation over his Will. This went all the way up for consideration to the Privy Council of the United Kingdom, the highest Court for British India. On 11 April, 1839, the erstwhile Supreme Court at Calcutta decreed “that a College at Lucknow be established pursuant to the will of Claude Martin.” A further decree of the Supreme Court dated 22 December, 1841, laid down a scheme for the establishment of La Martiniere College, at Lucknow. As such, La Martiniere College, Lucknow, occupies a unique position amongst the schools in India and the erstwhile British Empire.

The College consists of a magnificent eighteenth century building, to which other imposing structures have been periodically added. Constantia, the imposing centre-point of La Martiniere, was designed as a country house of Major-General Claude Martin. He willed that he be buried in the crypt of the building.

The first Principal of La Martiniere College, Lucknow, Mr John Newmarch, recorded on 12 November, 1845, “The College began work on the 1st October last.” This date, 01 October, 1845, is taken as the actual beginning of the College and is now commemorated as Constantia Day. About seventy boys were admitted in the first session. Today, the strength on the rolls has now crossed 4000, divided in classes ranging from the Nursery to the ISC (Year 12) level. Owing to the munificence of the Founder, Major-General Claude Martin, many boys called ‘Foundationers’ are provided tuition, clothing, board and lodging at nominal fees. All scholars share equally in the benefits of the College without preference in respect of religion or economic status.

La Martiniere College was deeply affected by the events of 1857. The College was evacuated to the Residency on 13 June, 1857, on the orders of Sir Henry Lawrence, although the Principal, George Schilling, had fortified the school buildings and stocked provisions with the intention of defending La Martiniere. During the stirring events of 1857 the Principal, Masters and boys of La Martiniere played a role, which is perhaps unique in the history of the world. They defended an extremely exposed part of the southern perimeter of the Residency, withstood infantry and artillery attacks and were subjected to mining operations. In the face of great hardship they ably and successfully defended The Martiniere Post for almost five months. Meanwhile studies continued. In 1933 as recognition of the role played by them, the College was awarded the privilege to display a flag on ceremonial occasions, loosely referred to as ‘Battle Honours’, bearing the legend Defence of Lucknow, 1857. This is a distinction no other school in the world enjoys.

Today, La Martiniere College imparts instruction through the medium of English and admission to the College is eagerly sought. Over the span of one and a half centuries, the College has produced soldiers, sailors and airmen who have done the school and their country proud in the two World Wars and in the wars of Independent India. It has also produced engineers, doctors, educators, administrators and outstanding sportsmen, now scattered over the globe. It counts among its illustrious alumni, men of War and Peace.

On 01 October, 1995, the one hundred and fiftieth anniversary of the opening of the College, the President of India, acknowledged the contribution of the College by releasing a postage stamp of the denomination of Rs 2.00, as a mark of honour. This, again, is a mark of distinction that only a few other institutions in India enjoy.
Claude Martin designed his own coat of arms. The escutcheon or central shield bears charges or emblems, which epitomise his career. The escutcheon is supported by seven standards bearing the motif of the fish.

The device of the sailing ship represents the nautical influences in Claude Martin’s career—his voyage from France to India, the events related to his travel from Pondicherry to Calcutta over the Bay of Bengal.

In the centre of the shield is the lion rampant with the pennant. This is similar to one of the lions on the coat of arms of the East India Company. A lion rampant in heraldry symbolizes bravery, valour and strength. The rock symbolizes the establishment and foundation of his fortunes. The East India Company lion stands upon this rock. It was as an officer of the Company that Claude Martin made his fortune. The castellated building is a device that represents Constantia, his final architectural achievement that had an overpowering role in his latter years. The sun setting behind Constantia reflects the sunset of his days.

The supporters on each side of the escutcheon are made up of three standards on the left and four standards on the right. Each bears the motif of the fish. The seven standards were part of the armorial bearing of the Nawabs of Oudh and could only have been used with the permission of Nawab Asaf-ud-Daula.

The dominant tinctures are gold and azure (blue). The College colours are Navy Blue and Old Gold. The standards themselves have been variously interpreted as rivers of Oudh or possibly as military engagements in which Claude Martin was involved. These include the Siege of Pondicherry, the Battles of Udwanala and Buxar and the Siege of Seringapatam. Claude Martin’s personal motto, the Latin, *Labor et Constantia* on a scroll below the escutcheon and supporters completes the picture. This is also the motto of all La Martiniere schools, which exhorts its pupils to Labour and Constancy.
La Martiniere College, Lucknow was established in 1845. In addition to the many facilities that are associated with an old school, the College offers a variety of choices in subjects for study. La Martiniere College is affiliated to the Council for the Indian School Certificate Examinations (CISCE) and students are prepared to write the Indian School Certificate (Year 10) Examination (ICSE) and the Indian School Certificate (Year 12) Examination (ISC).

There are two academic campuses of La Martiniere College. The Junior School Campus, is made up of three academic blocks which accommodates the pre-school and junior sections. Most classrooms now have ‘Smart Class’ facilities. Constantin Campus houses the middle and senior sections as well as the living facilities of the resident-scholars and resident Staff.

Constantin is a heritage building, the construction of which began in 1796. It is not protected by the Archaeological Survey of India, but is listed under INTACH and falls within the Lucknow heritage zone. The Founder is buried in the crypt in the basement. Immediately above the crypt is the Memorial Hall. Tablets that bear the names of those former pupils of the College who were killed in battle, including in the two World Wars, surround the bust of the Founder. Alumni from the College, decorated by the President of India since Independence with the top three national gallantry awards are commemorated here. The contribution of the boys of La Martiniere during the events of 1857 were recognized by the College being presented a Blue and Gold flag to be paraded on ceremonial occasions, loosely referred to as ‘Battle Honours’, bearing the legend ‘Defence of Lucknow’. The colours are now the tinctures of the College Flag.

To the North of the Memorial Hall is the famous Blue Room, a formal reception room of La Martiniere College. A portrait of the Founder dominates this room. A masterpiece by the artist Johann Zoffany with the Founder’s Lady companion Bou lone-Lise and her adopted son, James Martin or Zulphikar as studies, is a prized possession. Contiguous with the Blue Room is the Board Room, reserved for meetings of the Local Committee of Governors of the College.

To the South of the Memorial Hall is the Trophy Room, reserved for the display of all awards and presentations to the College. Valuable portraits of Governors-General of the East India Company, Viceroy of British India and Presidents of the Indian Republic adorn the walls of the three galleries in the mezzanine of the Memorial Hall.
East of the Memorial Hall is the College Chapel. The furniture and ornaments are over a century old. Two stained-glass windows presented by former pupils of the College depict the Child Jesus in the Carpenter’s Shop and the Child Jesus with the Doctors of the Law, bringing to mind the values of Work and Wisdom, respectively. The grand pipe organ accompanies the choir, which processes into Chapel every morning in an unchanged tradition.

The Library faces the East Terrace. Each of the plaques on the highly ornamented ceiling is made in accordance with original Wedgwood designs.

The personal apartments of the Principal and Vice-Principal are situated to the extreme North and South of Constantia, respectively.

A grand staircase leads to the East Terrace, an artificial terrace overlooking a lake from the centre of which rises a solid fluted column, approximately 125 feet high. This is called the Lat and its building is the source of much speculation that is now a part of legend. In the Centre of the East Terrace is the imposing cannon, cast by Claude Martin and used in the Battle of Seringapatam, 1792. It is named The Lord Cornwallis in honour of Charles Cornwallis, the 1st Marquess Cornwallis. Two cannons flank The Lord Cornwallis. A special bell, cast by the Founder’s placed on a pedestal. East Terrace is a perfect setting for the many formal occasions to be held, including parades and Prize Day. The stones of each step are engraved with the names of pupils through the centuries who have literally left their mark.

The North and South Wings now contiguous with Constantia were constructed according to Claude Martin’s instructions in the 1840s. The North Wing accommodates, on the first floor, the Principal’s Office, the College Offices, the Gymnasium and the Computer Laboratories. The Junior dormitory is an extension to the North Wing. The Junior Houserooms, stores and the Office of the Alumni Association occupy the ground floor.

The South Wing accommodates classrooms and
the Middle School Library on the first floor. A mezzanine has been recently constructed to provide further classrooms. The dormitory for junior resident-scholars is in the extension to the South Wing. The Senior House rooms, and the Office of the Master on Duty occupy the ground floor of the South Wing.

A modern Information Centre in the south-west parapet, blends with the centuries’ old structure. Modern communication devices are used here as an extension to the College Library.

Much conservation and restoration work has been recently done in Constantia, the central mansion. Funded largely by munificent donations from alumni all over the world, this is an on going process. The Muses’ Bower is a highly ornamented room, which serves as a night study room for the senior-most pupils.

Two major Halls flank the west of Constantia. Spence Hall, built by the bequest of Mr. A. V. Spence in 1933, accommodates the College auditorium and classrooms. It is among the most frequented and well-loved buildings. On the other side is Sykes Hall, dedicated to the memory of Mr. Thomas Gaskell Sykes, who served the College for thirty years as the longest serving Principal. The ground floor is used as the dining hall for the resident-scholars while the science laboratories are on the upper two floors. Beyond Sykes Hall lie the service areas. The college kitchens are modern and hygienic and cater for all daily meals for over 400 persons.

The beautiful College gardens provide a perfect frontage to the West entrance of the College. An upper lawn dominates the area, while the tennis lawn and rosarium are on each side of the formal gardens, bright with seasonal flowers. The College sundial is placed in the sunken lawn of these gardens.

Other buildings of interest include the Swimming Baths constructed in 1880. These have been modernized with viewing stands and filtration facilities. A portion of the Aquatics Complex serves as an Activity Hall and Air-rifle shooting range.
The College Hospital was constructed in circa 1870. This has modern medical facilities. A resident nurse takes care of the boys and a doctor is on call. In 2015, a new dormitory to accommodate the junior-most resident scholars has been completed with all living facilities for 150 residents. This incorporates the stables and the Mews, built in 1889.

The tomb of Boulone-Lise, also known as Gori Bibi, the Founder's favourite lady companion is a beautiful structure that is illuminated every evening. Major Hodson, who raised the eponymous cavalry regiment, also lies buried on La Martiniere estate.

Extensive playfields surround the academic complexes. 'Fairydale' is designed for cricket, while 'Polo Ground' is now used for football, athletics and the annual Sports Day. There are separate fields for Seniors, Juniors and Colts to practise all games separately on either side of the Lucknow Golf Club, leased by the College. Courts for basketball and badminton and facilities for table tennis and other indoor games are situated around the campus. The Tennis Facility boasts of 12 tennis courts. This is operated under licence. A modern skating rink complete with lighting and music is a recent addition. Stables to accommodate up to fourteen horses encourage horse-riding. Training is provided in the College Paddock by accomplished trainers. The Junior Cricket pitches and practice areas occupy the fields near the Dairy, while Bakers’ Field is used for fields for Hockey and Rugby. The shell of a decommissioned Gnat fighter aircraft, presented to the College by the Chief of Air Staff has been erected on a mock runway. This is the central trophy of the upcoming Memorial Park built to honour veteran alumni of the College.

The Junior School Campus is separated from Constantia campus by the Golf Course. This relatively modern complex is made attractive with gardens and swings in a setting that is open and yet protected for the junior pupils. The facilities of the senior school campus are replicated here to suit the age of the children.

The air-conditioned College canteen is a popular haunt during all free time in the day. Children find their own favourite spots to relax which include the ‘Bull’s Ring’ and ‘Three Corners’ and the four parapets.

The Alumni support La Martiniere College, Lucknow in many of its activities. This reinforces the bonding that former pupils of the College maintain with the generation of boys that is currently studying here. An independent Alumni Offices functions from the College campus.
4. PUNCTUALITY, ABSENCE AND SICKNESS
(a) School hours:
   Summer: Nursery 7.50 a.m. - 12.35 p.m. Nursery 9.00 a.m. - 12.55 p.m.
          Preparatory 7.50 a.m. - 1.05 a.m. Preparatory 9.00 a.m. - 1.25 p.m.
   Winter: Nursery 8.00 a.m. - 1.30 p.m. Nursery 9.00 a.m. - 1.35 p.m.
          Preparatory 8.00 a.m. - 1.30 p.m. Preparatory 9.00 a.m. - 1.35 p.m.
(b) Timings are subject to periodical changes which shall be advised from time to time.
   Boys who come late shall not be allowed to attend College that day.
(c) Nursery and Preparatory classes are held from Monday to Friday.
(d) Students must be regular and punctual in attendance.
(e) No leave of absence will be granted during the term, except under very special circumstances.
(f) The Principal’s prior permission for leave of absence from College is essential.
(g) A certificate from the College Doctor or a registered medical practitioner must support requests for leave on medical grounds.
(h) Absentees on rejoining College must produce a letter from their parents or guardians explaining the cause of absence supported by a medical certificate in case of illness.
(i) If an appointment is made with a doctor, the boy must not be sent to College on that day.
(j) BOYS AFFLICTED BY INFECTIOUS DISEASES OR THOSE WHO HAVE BEEN EXPOSED TO SUCH DISEASES IN THEIR HOMES, MUST COMPLETE THE QUARANTINE PERIOD BEFORE REJOINING COLLEGE. THIS SHOULD BE INDICATED ON THE MEDICAL CERTIFICATE.

5. FEES STRUCTURE SESSION 2021-2022

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Prospectus &amp; Registration Fee (One Time)</th>
<th>Admission Fee (One Time)</th>
<th>Annual Examination Fee (Test)</th>
<th>Composite Annual Fees Payable in Half Yearly, Quarterly or Monthly Installments As Per the Fee Regulation Act, Sept 2018</th>
<th>Caution Money One Time Refundable With Interest As Per the Fee Regulation Act, Sept 2018</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>5000.00</td>
<td>50000.00</td>
<td>500.00</td>
<td>90600.00</td>
<td>45000.00</td>
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1. The mode of deposit of fees will be through the online fee portal.
2. Parents are cautioned to ensure that financial commitments regarding payment of fees can be met. It is projected that fees shall continue to rise over the years that your son/ward shall be in this College.

WITHDRAWALS
6. School Leaving Certificates/ Transfer Certificates will be issued only after all dues to the College have been paid.

CONTINUOUS ASSESSMENT
7. In keeping with modern trends in pupils’ assessment in the context of the National Curriculum Framework, there are no regular examinations for pupils from Nursery and Preparatory. Teachers shall carry out continuous assessment of all work done in the classroom during the year. This shall reflect the progress of the boy through the award of Grades.
The intention in this decision of the College is to reduce the stress of examinations among the pupils and their parents. Parents are advised not to put pressure on their sons to obtain a particular mark. The purpose of Continuous Assessment is to keep parents and pupils aware of the level of ability, application of the child and to track the boy’s progress. This is not a definitive score but should serve as an indicator for those areas where the child needs motivation, encouragement or assistance.
Promotion will be decided on the performance of the pupil over the entire year. The Assessment Record is an official document. No separate transcripts shall be issued.

8. **DERMATOGlyphICS MULTIPLE INTELLIGENCES EVALUATION**
All pupils granted admission to the College shall be assessed and evaluated using the Dermatoglyphics Multiple Intelligence Evaluation System (DMIIT) conducted by the Institute of Multiple Intelligences in the IMI Laboratory in the College premises. An additional fee shall be charged for this.

Dermatoglyphics is the study of fingerprinting, which is linked to genetic composition. It helps indicate intrinsic qualities and talents. La Martiniere College wishes to focus on the application of the theory of Multiple Intelligences in children. This will assist in designing learning styles, recognition of brain dominance, personality type, innate quotients and learning methods. The College counsellor shall maintain the record of this for the entire period of the boy’s tenure in the College. A copy of the DMI Assessment shall be made available to parents.

9. **RESIDENT SCHOLARS**
Boarding facilities are available for pupils from Class 2 and above. Resident-scholars are accommodated in four dormitories according to their age. All pupils are allotted Houses, under the direct supervision of a Housemaster, who is a senior member of the academic staff.

10. **GENERAL**

i. Every boy has been allotted a personal number. This has also been written on his fee slips. Kindly quote this number in all correspondence with the College.

ii. Parents/Guardians are requested to notify the College Office in writing of any change in address or telephone number.

iii. All correspondence to the Principal should be addressed by designation, not by name.

iv. When there is heavy rain, please do not telephone the school to ask if there is a holiday. The school will function normally for those boys who are present.

v. The College is not responsible for the loss of personal belongings. It is not advisable for boys to bring valuables to the College.

vi. Parents and guardians are NOT allowed to see their sons or wards or to interview teachers during College hours.

vii. All students are expected to attend their classes from the commencement of the term. If a student, who has been accepted for admission, does not report in time, the offer of admission may be cancelled.

viii. Written work, where applicable, is inspected at regular intervals.

ix. Classroom observation of teachers and pupils is conducted at regular intervals by the Section Head.

x. Should a boy be injured or take ill during class hours, every effort will be made to inform the parents/guardians. The school authorities will take whatever measures are considered necessary based on the emergency.

xi. Enrolment in La Martiniere College, Lucknow implies a willingness to comply with all the requirements and rules of the College on the part of both pupils and parents. The Principal has the right to suspend from attendance at school or require a withdrawal of a pupil or expel, without having to assign any reason, provided that he is satisfied that such a step is necessary in the interest of the College.

xii. The Principal reserves the right to waive any of the rules contained herein, without assigning any reason for his action.

xiii. All disputes shall be subject to the jurisdiction of the Courts in Lucknow.
PROCEDURE FOR REGISTRATION OF CANDIDATES FOR ADMISSION TO NURSERY

Registration of candidates for admission to Nursery for the academic year likely to commence in April, 2022, shall begin on Monday, 01 November, 2021. Parents/Guardians who desire to have their sons/wards registered for admission to Class Nursery should apply to the Principal on the prescribed form. The Prospectus and Registration Form shall be available for sale online through the link provided by clicking on https://lmclko.edunify.in/nursery_admission

NOTE:
1- Registration Forms shall ONLY be available and accepted online through this link. THERE IS NO PROVISION FOR ACCEPTING REGISTRATION FORMS BY ANY OTHER MODE.
2- Retain a digital copy of the completed form and documents submitted. Queries if any, shall be entertained on production of these copies by either or both parents only.

Instructions for the submission of the Registration Form
Instructions for completing the Registration Form and submitting the same Online must be followed carefully, both as elaborated in this Prospectus and the attached Admission Form. Failing which, THE APPLICATION SHALL BE REJECTED. A receipt will be issued for the submission of the Registration Form. The receipt is to be retained carefully by the applicant. It shall have to be produced when collecting the Interaction Slip on the day of the interaction with the Principal.

The following details must be provided, failing which the form shall be rejected:
1. Name of the boy. Parents must ensure that the SPELLING is accurate in all respects. No change shall be permitted at any later date. Please do not mention house “house name” or “nick names”.
2. Name of both the parents must be mentioned along with the address and telephone number. This will apply even to single parents (deceased, divorced / separated or other special circumstances). Kindly note that parental information shall NOT be changed, once the child is registered. Forms that do not have both names shall be treated as invalid and rejected.
3. Detailed detailed description of parent’s occupation - an exact description of the occupation. Note: merely writing ‘business’, ‘service’, ‘self-employed’ will not do. (In service, the name of the organisation, designation and in case of business or self-employment, the name of the organisation and the type of business or occupation.) Forms that do not contain this detail shall be treated as invalid and rejected.
4. The Prospectus contains an Interaction Slip, which must be completed by the parents and submitted along with the Registration Form.
5. Only ONE form will be accepted per candidate. Multiple forms submitted shall result in rejection.

The College will NOT take any responsibility to ensure that the documents or information provided at the time of submission of the Registration Form, are actually attached or correct. No original documents are to be attached with the Registration Form. All photo-copies are to be self-attested by both the parents only before uploading to the system.

DATE OF BIRTH
For admission to Nursery, only those boys born between 01 October, 2017 and 30 September, 2018 shall be considered. Any falsification of information may lead to the Registration Form being rejected OR the admission, once granted, being cancelled. There shall be no change permitted in the date of birth of the applicant, if admitted to La Martiniere College, at any time during the pupil's tenure in the College.

Documents to be attached with the Registration Form
(a) A photocopy of the birth certificate issued by the Nagar Nigam OR a Government hospital OR Baptism Certificate, AND
(b) A photocopy of the Hospital Discharge Certificate, clearly mentioning in the heading that is a “Discharge Certificate”.
(c) Photographs of the candidate and of both parents must be affixed in the space provided on the Form and the Interaction Slip. Kindly note, this point is mandatory, even in case of a single parent (deceased, divorced/ separated or other special circumstances). Kindly note that parental information shall NOT be changed, once the child is registered. Forms that do not have photographs of both parents along with the candidate shall be treated as invalid and rejected.
(d) The responsibility of obtaining, affixing and uploading the photograph rests with the applicant. The Form shall be rejected if photographs are not attached as mentioned above.
(e) The Interaction Slip duly completed in all respects.
(f) Signature of both parents must be affixed in the space provided on the form. Kindly note, this point is mandatory, even in case parents are employed overseas. If either of the parent is deceased the column must be entered as deceased / divorced/ separated)

Birth Information Report OR a Janam Soochna, is not acceptable and the Registration Form shall be rejected. NO CERTIFICATES SHALL BE ACCEPTED SEPARATELY. They must be attached with the Registration Form.

The College will not ask for verification of date of birth at the time of sale of the Registration Form.

APPLICATIONS WHICH DO NOT CONTAIN THE ABOVE PARTICULARS AND DOCUMENTS, SHALL BE REJECTED
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Availability of Prospectus &amp; Purchase of Registration Form from the College Website – <a href="http://www.lamartinierelucknow.org">www.lamartinierelucknow.org</a></th>
<th>Online from 9:00 a.m. Monday 01 November 2021</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Last date for purchase and submission of Registration Form</td>
<td>Online upto 5:00 p.m. Monday 10 January 2022</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cost of Registration Form (Non-Refundable). Applicable taxes and impost extra.</td>
<td>Rs. 5000/-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>List of valid Registration Forms and the date for Interaction shall be posted on the College Website.</td>
<td>By 4:00 p.m. on Monday 17 January 2022</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Forms will NOT be available or accepted by any other means.
CORNWALLIS HOUSE

Inspiration: Charles Cornwallis, 2nd Earl Cornwallis to whom Claude Martin served as aide-de-camp during the Third Anglo-Mysore War.

Colour: Green

Motto: Never Give In

Description: The shield depicts an image of the Lord Cornwallis cannon, cast by Claude Martin in the Lucknow Arsenal in 1796 and the central feature on the East Terrace of Constantia. The cannon is emblazoned on an escutcheon with diagonals of Blue and Gold stripes, now the College colours. At the top of the shield is a helmet with a visor crowned with the Earl's coronet. Two fish, the emblem of Oudh used in the Coat of Arms of Claude Martin support the escutcheon on either side. At the bottom of the shield is the House motto 'Never Give In'.

HODSON HOUSE

Inspiration: Brevet Major William Stephen Raikes Hodson (1821 – 1858) was a British leader of irregular light cavalry who raised the Cavalry regiment known as Hodson’s Horse. It exists today as the 4th Horse Regiment, an armoured regiment in the Indian Army. Hodson is buried on La Martinière Estate.

Hodson has the distinction of equipping his regiment in khaki colour uniform, which is considered the precursor of modern camouflage uniform. The tradition of the khaki uniform continues as the summer uniform in La Martinière College, Lucknow.

Colour: Red

Motto: Do or Die

Description: The shield depicts images of horse heads and crossed swords reflecting the contribution of Brevet Major William Stephen Raikes Hodson who raised the eponymous cavalry regiment. At the bottom of the shield is the House motto ‘Do or Die’.

LYON HOUSE

Inspiration: The city of Lyon, France, the birthplace of the Founder, Major General Claude Martin on 4 January 1735. Claude Martin left instructions in his Will for schools to be established in Lucknow, Kolkata and Lyon. Today, there are three La Martinière establishments in the city of Lyon: La Martinière Monplaisir, La Martinière Duchère, and La Martinière Terreaux.

Colour: Yellow

Motto: To the End

Description: The shield depicts a lion rampant, which is the central image of the Coat of Arms and flag of the city of Lyon. The lion rampant symbolizes the virtues of bravery, valour, strength and royalty. At the bottom of the shield is the House motto 'To The End'.

MARTIN HOUSE

Inspiration: The Founder – Major General Claude Martin (4 January 1735 – 13 September 1800). Major General Claude Martin was an officer in the French, and later the British East India Company’s Bengal Army. Born into a humble background, he rose to the position of Major General. He was a self-made man who left a lasting legacy in the educational institutions he founded posthumously in Lucknow, Kolkata and Lyon.

Colour: Blue

Motto: Nil Desperandum

Description: The shield depicts a sail ship, which is also a device in the Coat of Arms of the Founder. The ship recalls the nautical exploits of Claude Martin, which includes his voyage to India and his journey in the Fateh Bahadur in the Bay of Bengal. The Great Bell, also called the Martin Bell, now placed on the East Terrace of Constantia is at the top of the shield. Laurel leaves in a horseshoe shape frame the image of the ship, as a symbol of martial victory. At the bottom of the shield is the House motto ‘Nil Desperandum’, Latin for Never Despair.
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